SCHEDULES

VISUAL SCHEDULES

• Why:

- Provide organization
- Provide structure
- Reduces confusion
- Helps students to initiate tasks more quickly and efficiently
- Promote independence
- Increase predictability
- Eases transitions
- Positive routine that teaches flexibility
- Moves students throughout the physical spaces created

• When:

- Significant disorganization
- Having difficulty figuring out what is next
- Visual learner
- Frequently off task, inattentive, and unfocused
- Defiant and oppositional behaviors
- Anxiety

INDIVIDUALIZE SCHEDULES FOR EACH STUDENT

Four types of schedules:

- Object Schedules
- •Picture Schedules
- •Written Schedules
- Electronic Schedules

Individual Visual Schedule

- The student's schedule visually tells them, "Where am I supposed to be" and "When will I get to do what?"
- It moves the student through the physical spaces we have created-calmly, purposefully, and independently.
- It is a positive routine to help the student be flexible and deal with changes.

Individual Visual Schedule

Individualize schedules for each student:

- 1. Length: transition, 1-item schedule, first/ then sequence, part day, full day.
- 2. Location and mobility: in transition area, portable.
- 3. How does a child manipulate it? Carry and use objects, carry and match symbols, reference symbols and mark off or move when finished.
- 4. Symbol system used: objects, pictures or photos, icons, written words, or a combination of these.

OBJECT SCHEDULE

WHEN- Delays with symbolic thinking

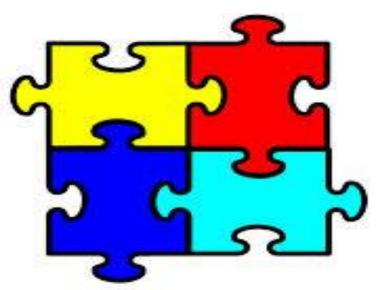
- A schedule made up of objects that you will use for the activity(PAINT BRUSH for painting, BALL for gym, COAT for outside)
- A schedule made up of objects that represent the activity (CD for music, book for reading group)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?t=127&v=U0nNeDtxD5c

OBJECT SCHEDULE

- Types- actual object, part of object, representative object
- **Length**-transitional object, single object, first_____, then_____, sequence of 3-4 or sequence of more than 4
- Location of Schedule- next activity, individual transition area, group transition area.
- Routine to check schedule- physical guidance, transition object, transition card
- Manipulating Schedule-Use an object in a task, match object to object, place object in a box.

PICTURE SCHEDULE

• Photographs or symbols that represent the area the student should be at or task the student is going to complete.



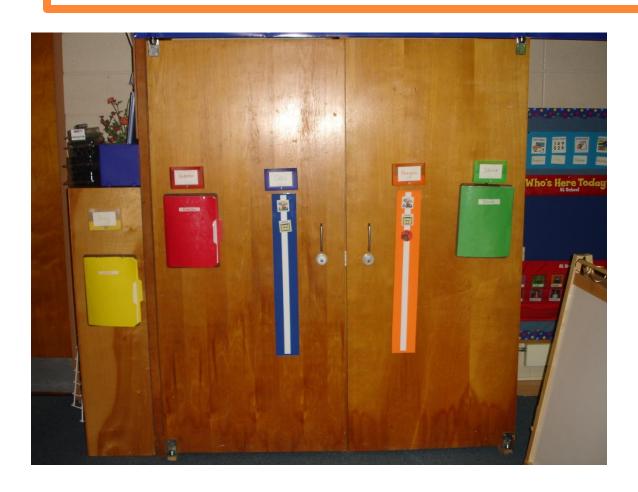
PICTURE SCHEDULE

- **Types** labels, drawings, commercial pictures, photographs, black and white pictures, colors pictures
- **Length-** transitional picture, single picture, first____, then_____, sequence of 3, sequence of 4, half day, full day
- Location- next to activity, individual transition area, group transition area
- Routine to check schedule- physical guidance, give transition card, say "check schedule, ring bell, flash classroom lights
- **Manipulating Schedule**-match picture to picture, match picture to box, place picture in a box or pocket, turn pictures over, draw a line through picture, check box next to picture, check line next to picture.

WRITTEN SCHEDULE

- **Types**-single word w/picture, single words, short phrases, sentences, words with highlights, words with work system
- Length- first____, then_____, sequence of 3, sequence of 4, half day, full day
- Location- individual transition area, group transition area, color code, folder, notebook, clipboard
- Routine to check schedule- say "check schedule", ring bell, flash classroom lights, clock, timer
- Manipulating Schedule- draw a line through word, check box next to word, check line next to word

WE DO NOT FADE SCHEDULES FROM OUR STUDENTS, SINCE THEY ARE A TOOL FOR LONG-LIFE INDEPENDENCE



Rather we design schedules to grow with the child

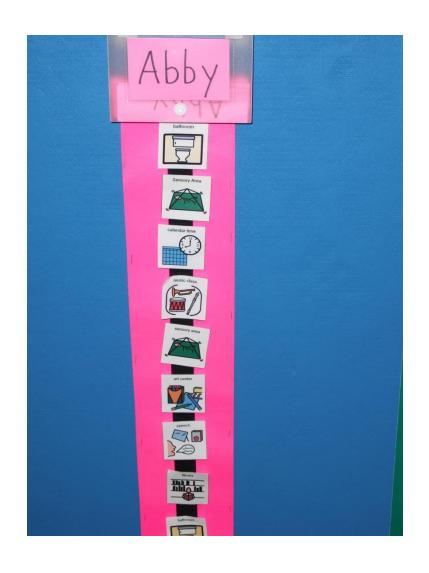
EXAMPLES OF INDIVIDUAL SCHEDULES







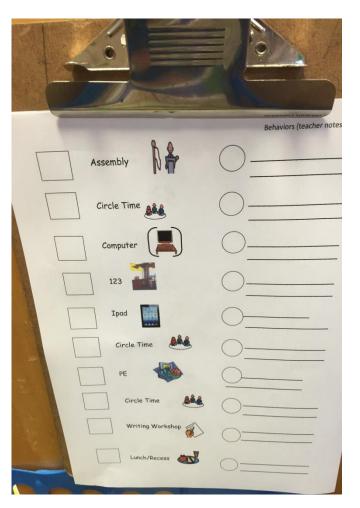
EXAMPLES OF INDIVIDUAL SCHEDULES





Examples of Individual Schedules





WRITTEN SCHEDULE



